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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/825,582	04/03/2001	Steven R. Reznek	00141	9948
7590 04/16/2004		EXAMINER		
William F. Dee, Esq.			WINTER, GENTLE E	
CABOT CORPORATION Law Department			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
157 Concord Road Billerica, MA 01821			1746	
			DATE MAILED: 04/16/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Advisory Action	09/825,582	REZNEK, STEVEN R.			
riavious riodon	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Gentle E. Winter	1746			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address					
THE REPLY FILED 07 April 2004 FAILS TO PLACE THE Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1 condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appea Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	oid abandonment of this application and indication of the contraction	ation. A proper reply to a			
PERIOD FOR RE	EPLY [check either a) or b)]				
 a)	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	a date of the final rejection.			
706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Offictimely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.136(a).	date on which the petition under 37 CFI of extension and the corresponding amount the shortened statutory period for reply one later than three months after the mail	R 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension unt of the fee. The appropriate extension originally set in the final Office action: or			
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFF	R 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal of	riod set forth in f the appeal.			
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:				
(a) ☐ they raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);					
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see Note below);					
(c) they are not deemed to place the application in issues for appeal; and/or	n better form for appeal by mate	rially reducing or simplifying the			
(d) they present additional claims without canceli	ng a corresponding number of fi	nally rejected claims.			
NOTE: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> .					
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following reject	ion(s):				
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	be allowable if submitted in a se	parate, timely filed amendment			
5. The a) affidavit, b) exhibit, or c) request for application in condition for allowance because:	reconsideration has been consideration	dered but does NOT place the			
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered becaraised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	ause it is not directed SOLELY to	o issues which were newly			
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment explanation of how the new or amended claims we	(s) a)⊠ will not be entered or b) ould be rejected is provided below	☐ will be entered and an wor appended.			
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:					
Claim(s) allowed:					
Claim(s) objected to:					
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-3,7-14 and 17-29</u> .					
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 5,6,15,16 a	nd 30-34.				
8. The drawing correction filed on is a) appr	·· ·	ne Examiner.			
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statemen					
10. Other:	Alra MM				
	Hera Julio	ALEXANGER MARKOFF PRIMARY EXAMINED			

Continuation of 2. NOTE: Applicant argued that the oxidizing source used in the claimed invention is not taught in Ullmann. Applicant points to the specification, and argues that examples of the oxidizing component in the claimed invention are air, oxygen, or both. Claim does not disclose the limitation, and it is improper to read limitations from the specification into the claims. That said even if the claim did recite air oxygen or both, Ullmann similarly discloses "air or oxygen containing gases". Column 1, page 128, and also see figures disclosing air and gas. Applicant goes on to indicate that the air disclosed at page 125 is used for producing oxides during or after the activation process. If air is supplied during the activation process in the prior art and in the claim, the claim limitations, as argued to exist, are met.

Applicant argues that the prior art of record, contextually, does not disclose combusting fuel. This limitation is not in the claim either. Applicant argues that "oxygen or air is unsuitable as activating gases" (page 131). Again, the claim and the art both disclose activating gases. At 800C "some of the carbonaceous starting material is decomposed". Applicant appears to get the same result with the same starting material and the same method steps.

Applicant also suggested that the prior art of record fails to disclose a separate fuel and pyrolizable material. Ullmann discloses 800C temperature and discloses that "some of the carbonaceous starting material is decomposed". The decomposition of the carbon in the presence of an oxidizing agent (even if it is steam) is an exothermic reaction. If applicant's position were accepted, then the furnace of 128 would be irrelevant. See 128 column 2.

Applicant also argues that present application "clearly recites that at least one pyrolizable material is introduced into a combustion chamber" by being dispersed in a fuel source or oxidizing source. As an initial matter the position of the Office is set forth in the Office action. The argument: There is no teaching or suggestion in Ullmann of a pyrolizable material being dispersed in any fuel source or oxidizing source" reflects a difference of opinion, and not a misunderstanding. The matter is probably best resolved by having the Board of Appeals and Interferences consider the matter.

The balance of the remarks are either untimely as they could have been presented during prosecution or are substantially cumulative with the arguments of record.